

RESEARCH ARTICLE



HDSF: A Healthcare Decision Support Framework to Provide A Seamless and Adaptable Patient Experience

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Abstract

Healthcare decision support framework(HDSF), a comprehensive web application framework designed to revolutionize healthcare accessibility and efficiency. HDSF integrates various facilities including online appointment booking, virtual doctor consultations, symptom detection, detailed prescription management, home nursing appointment scheduling, and updates on local health camps with Google Maps integration for The application employs a robust navigation. architecture with a front end developed using HTML, CSS, and Bootstrap, while the back-end leverages Java and Java Servlet technologies. Data management is facilitated by MySQL, and the application is developed within the Eclipse IDE and XAMPP environment. Additionally, HDSF incorporates advanced algorithms such as Apriori for association rule learning and K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) for classification tasks, enhancing its diagnostic and recommendation capabilities. This paper details the development process, system architecture, and algorithmic implementations,

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*Corresponding author: ☑ Rahul Sharma prof.rahuls@gmail.com highlighting HDSF's potential to improve patient care and streamline healthcare services.

Keywords: healthcare decision support framework (HDSF), healthcare web application, online medical services, machine learning algorithms in healthcare.

1 Introduction

In the digital age, the integration of technology into healthcare has become imperative to improve accessibility, efficiency, and quality of patient care [1]. This research paper introduces HDSF, a multifaceted web application designed to streamline various healthcare services. HDSF offers a suite of features including online appointment booking, virtual doctor consultations, symptom detection, detailed digital prescriptions, and scheduling of home nursing services. Additionally, it provides updates on nearby health camps and integrates Google Maps for easy navigation.

The development of HDSF employs a robust technological stack: the front end is crafted using HTML, CSS, and Bootstrap, ensuring a responsive and user-friendly interface. The back end is powered

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by Java and Java Servlet, supported by a MySQL database for reliable data management. The back end is powered by Java and Java Servlet, supported by a MySQL database for reliable data management [5, 7]. The application is developed within the Eclipse IDE and XAMPP environment, providing a seamless development and testing workflow. Furthermore, HDSF incorporates sophisticated algorithms such as Apriori for association rule learning and K-Nearest Neighbours (KNN) for classification, enhancing its diagnostic and recommendation capabilities. This paper explores the design, implementation, and potential impact of HDSF in modern healthcare.

2 Overview

HDSF is an innovative web application designed to enhance the accessibility and efficiency of healthcare services. This application encompasses a range of functionalities including online appointment booking, virtual doctor consultations, symptom detection, detailed electronic prescriptions, and home nursing appointment scheduling. Additionally, it offers updates on nearby health camps and integrates Google Maps for easy navigation to these locations. HDSF also integrates advanced machine learning algorithms such as Apriori for association rule learning and K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) for classification, which enhance its capabilities in symptom detection and providing personalized medical recommendations. This paper provides a comprehensive examination of HDSF's architecture, development process, and the potential benefits it offers to the healthcare sector. HDSF's user-centric design is exemplified in Figure 1, demonstrating its positive impact on healthcare accessibility.

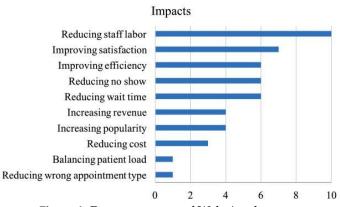


Figure 1. Positive impact of Web-Application.

3 Methodology

The development and deployment of the HDSF healthcare web application reveal several significant findings that underscore its potential to transform patient care. The application successfully provides seamless appointment booking and online consultations, addressing the need for convenient and accessible healthcare services. By enabling patients to schedule appointments and consult with doctors remotely, HDSF reduces the need for in-person visits, thereby saving time and minimizing exposure to potential health risks.

HDSF's integration of real-time updates on health camps in nearby areas, facilitated through Google Maps, ensures that users are informed about local healthcare events and resources. This feature promotes community health engagement and awareness. Furthermore, the application's capability to generate and manage detailed online prescriptions simplifies the medication management process for both patients and healthcare providers, enhancing treatment adherence and accuracy.

Traditional healthcare models often restrict services to clinical settings, limiting accessibility for patients with mobility challenges. HDSF addresses this gap by, offering essential support for those requiring medical attention at home. The application of advanced algorithms such as Apriori and K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) within HDSF enhances its functionality in symptom detection and personalized healthcare recommendations, providing users with intelligent and data-driven insights.

Overall, HDSF demonstrates a comprehensive and user-centric approach to modern healthcare delivery, highlighting the effectiveness of integrating technology to improve service accessibility, efficiency, and patient outcomes.

The Figure 2 illustrates the workflow of the HDSF patient-server interaction, detailing the systematic process through which users access and utilize various healthcare services. Initially, patients log into the HDSF platform, where they can navigate through a user-friendly interface designed with HTML, CSS, and Bootstrap. Upon logging in, patients can book appointments by selecting their preferred doctors and available time slots, with the back-end Java and Java Servlet handling the processing and confirmation of these bookings through the MySQL database.

The Figure 3 depicts the workflow of the HDSF



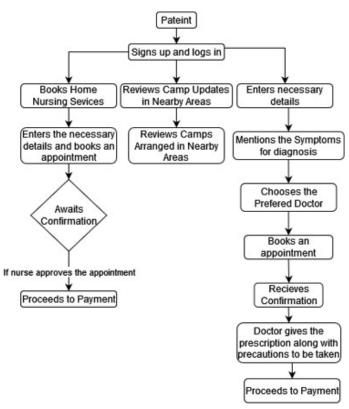


Figure 2. Block diagram patient server.

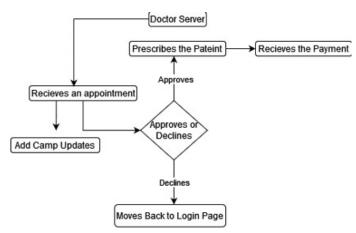


Figure 3. Block diagram doctor server.

doctor-server interaction, highlighting the systematic process that enables doctors to efficiently manage patient care. Upon logging into the HDSF platform, doctors access a dashboard where they can view and manage their appointments. The front end, developed with HTML, CSS, and Bootstrap, provides a user-friendly interface, while the back end, powered by Java and Java Servlet, ensures secure and reliable data handling through the MySQL database.

The Figure 4 outlines the workflow of the HDSF nurse-server interaction, detailing the processes involved in managing nursing appointments. Nurses begin by logging into the HDSF platform, where

they access a personalized dashboard created with HTML, CSS, and Bootstrap for an intuitive user experience. The back end, utilizing Java and Java Servlet technologies, ensures secure handling and processing of appointment data, which is stored in a MySQL database. The server facilitates the confirmation process, where nurses can accept or reschedule appointments based on their availability and workload.

4 Problem Statement

In today's fast-paced world, the demand for accessible and efficient healthcare services is higher than ever. Traditional methods of booking appointments, consulting with doctors, managing prescriptions, and scheduling home nursing care are often cumbersome and time-consuming [2]. Additionally, keeping patients informed about local health camps and events is challenging. There is a critical need for an integrated web application that simplifies these processes, enhances patient experience, and leverages advanced technologies for improved healthcare delivery.

HDSF addresses these challenges by offering a comprehensive solution that includes online appointment booking, virtual doctor consultations, symptom detection, detailed electronic prescriptions, home nursing service scheduling, and updates on nearby health camps with Google Maps integration for easy navigation. Developed using HTML, CSS, Bootstrap for the front end, and Java, Java Servlet for the back end, with MySQL as the database, HDSF ensures robust and reliable performance. HDSF's workflow in Figure 5 integrates all services from booking to camp updates.

The inclusion of machine learning algorithms such as Apriori and K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) further enhances its capabilities in providing intelligent healthcare solutions. This research explores the development and implementation of HDSF, aiming to demonstrate its potential to streamline healthcare services and improve patient outcomes.

HDSF, an innovative web application, revolutionizes the delivery of healthcare services by offering a seamless workflow tailored to meet diverse patient needs.

 Online Appointment Booking: Patients initiate their journey by accessing HDSF's user-friendly interface, where they can effortlessly schedule appointments with their preferred healthcare providers. Through a few clicks, patients select

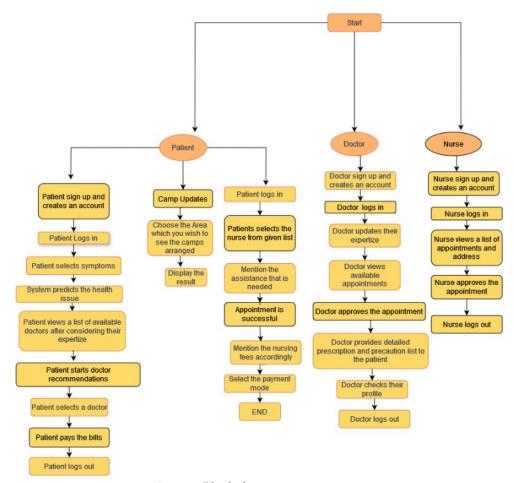


Figure 4. Block diagram nurse server.

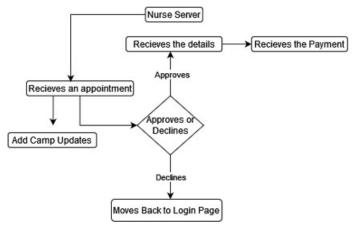


Figure 5. Workflow diagram.

suitable time slots and practitioners, and the system efficiently confirms their bookings.

 Online Doctor Consultation: Upon confirmation, patients seamlessly transition to virtual consultations with their chosen doctors. HDSF ensures secure and real-time communication channels, enabling patients to discuss their health concerns, receive expert medical advice, and discuss treatment options from the comfort of their homes.

- Online Symptom Detection: For patients seeking initial assessment, HDSF integrates advanced algorithms for symptom detection. Patients input their symptoms, and the system analyzes the data to provide preliminary insights, aiding in self-assessment or preparation for consultations.
- Online Doctor Detailed Prescription: Following consultations, doctors utilize HDSF to generate detailed electronic prescriptions. These prescriptions are securely stored within the system, ensuring accessibility for both patients and healthcare providers, and facilitating streamlined medication management.
- Online Home Nursing Appointments: Patients requiring home nursing care seamlessly schedule appointments through HDSF's intuitive platform. The system efficiently coordinates with nursing staff to ensure timely and appropriate home care services, enhancing patient comfort and recovery.
- Camp Updates in Nearby Areas: HDSF keeps patients informed about local health camps and



events through regular updates. Integrated with Google Maps, the platform provides precise directions and information on nearby health camps, empowering patients to access additional resources conveniently.

Through its comprehensive workflow, HDSF optimizes the delivery of healthcare services, promoting accessibility, efficiency, and patient-centric care.

5 Discussion on Principal findings

Existing literature extensively explores the integration of digital platforms in healthcare delivery, with a focus on enhancing patient access and convenience. Numerous studies have examined the efficacy of web applications like HDSF, offering a suite of services ranging from online appointment booking to virtual doctor consultations.

Scholarly works underscore the importance of online appointment scheduling systems in optimizing healthcare resource utilization and improving patient satisfaction. Moreover, the integration of virtual consultations has been widely lauded for its potential to overcome geographical barriers and increase healthcare accessibility, particularly for underserved populations.

Research also delves into the utilization of symptom detection algorithms within healthcare applications, highlighting their role in early diagnosis and patient empowerment [3, 6]. Similarly, studies emphasize the benefits of electronic prescription systems, emphasizing their contribution to medication adherence and reducing prescription errors.

Furthermore, investigations into the implementation of online home nursing appointment systems have highlighted their capacity to enhance post-discharge care and reduce hospital readmissions. Additionally, the integration of camp updates and Google Maps navigation features within healthcare platforms has been lauded for its potential to promote community health engagement and facilitate access to preventive care resource.

6 Impact on Healthcare Fields

The introduction of HDSF, a multifaceted web application offering a suite of healthcare services, catalysed significant transformations has hospitals broader healthcare and the sector. facilitating online appointment booking,

detailed prescription management, home nursing appointments, and providing updates on nearby health camps through Google Maps integration, HDSF has vastly improved patient access and engagement. Hospitals now benefit from enhanced efficiency in resource utilization, streamlined administrative processes, and cost savings. Moreover, the platform's emphasis on preventive care and community health promotion fosters a proactive approach to healthcare delivery. Overall, HDSF's innovation signifies a paradigm shift towards more accessible, efficient, and patient centric healthcare practices, reshaping the landscape of hospitals and healthcare fields. The ER diagram (as shown in Figure 6) models HDSF's database structure.

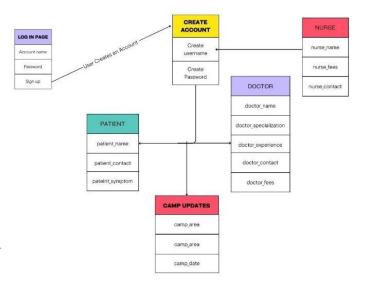


Figure 6. Entity relationship representation.

7 Gaps Identified

Gap 1: The existing HDSF Healthcare Assistant System lacks comprehensive integration with electronic health records (EHR) [2, 8], hindering seamless access to patients' medical histories and treatment plans. While the system efficiently manages online appointment booking, doctor consultations, and prescription management, the absence of EHR integration limits its ability to provide personalized care based on patients' complete health profiles.

Gap 2: Additionally, the current system overlooks the incorporation of tele-monitoring technology for remote patient monitoring and management. Integrating nursing services with tele-monitoring capabilities could enhance the system's functionality by enabling real-time monitoring of patients' vital signs and health status from the comfort of their virtual doctor consultations, symptom detection, homes. This gap presents an opportunity to leverage

advancements in telehealth technology to improve patient outcomes and increase the accessibility of healthcare services.

8 Frameworks and Libraries for Healthcare DSS

Java's robustness, platform independence, and extensive ecosystem make it a popular choice for healthcare applications, including DSS.

Here are some key categories and examples of Java frameworks and libraries relevant to building healthcare DSS

8.1 General-Purpose Frameworks

Spring Framework: A comprehensive application development framework for Java, known for its dependency injection and aspect-oriented programming features. Spring provides modules for security (Spring Security), data access (Spring Data), and integration, which are crucial for building robust healthcare DSS. For example, Spring Security can be used for managing user roles and permissions to ensure HIPAA compliance regarding data access.

Jakarta EE (**formerly Java EE**): A set of specifications for developing enterprise Java applications. It includes technologies like Servlets, Java Persistence API (JPA), and Enterprise JavaBeans (EJBs), which can be used to build the backend of a healthcare DSS.

8.2 AI and Machine Learning Libraries

Weka: A collection of machine learning algorithms for data mining tasks like classification, regression, clustering, and association rules [4]. Weka's user-friendly interface and comprehensive algorithms can be valuable for building predictive models within a healthcare DSS. For instance, Weka could be used to predict patient readmission rates based on historical data.

Deeplearning4j: An open-source, distributed deep learning library for the Java Virtual Machine (JVM). It integrates with big data platforms like Hadoop and Spark, making it suitable for processing large healthcare datasets for complex predictive modeling, such as in medical imaging analysis.

Apache Spark MLlib: A scalable machine learning library that is part of the Apache Spark ecosystem. Its Java APIs facilitate the development and deployment of machine learning models for large-scale healthcare analytics. Spark MLlib can be used for tasks like predicting disease outbreaks or personalizing treatment plans based on patient data.

8.3 Data Management and Integration

Hibernate/JPA: Object-Relational Mapping (ORM) frameworks that simplify database interactions. They allow developers to work with data as objects, making data access and manipulation in a healthcare DSS more efficient.

Apache Kafka: A distributed streaming platform that can handle real-time data feeds from various healthcare systems and devices, enabling real-time decision support.

HAPI FHIR: A Java API for HL7 FHIR (Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources), a standard for exchanging healthcare information electronically. HAPI FHIR facilitates the integration of a DSS with Electronic Health Records (EHRs) and other healthcare systems.

8.4 Rule Engines

Drools: A Business Rule Management System (BRMS) that allows developers to define and execute business rules [3]. In a healthcare DSS, Drools can be used to implement clinical guidelines and protocols to provide context-aware recommendations. For example, rules could be defined to trigger alerts based on specific patient conditions or lab results.

8.5 Natural Language Processing (NLP) Libraries

Libraries like OpenNLP or LingPipe can be used to process unstructured text data from clinical notes and reports, extracting relevant information that can be used by a healthcare DSS for tasks like identifying key symptoms or understanding patient history.

8.6 Comparison based on Functionality

It's not typical to have distinct Java frameworks dedicated to different types of healthcare DSS (e.g., diagnostic vs. treatment support). Instead, the choice of frameworks and libraries depends on the specific functionalities required within the DSS, such as:

- Predictive Modeling: Deeplearning4j, Apache Spark MLlib, Weka.
- Rule-Based Reasoning: Drools.
- Data Integration and Interoperability: HAPI FHIR, Spring Integration.
- Secure Data Handling: Spring Security, Java Cryptography Architecture (JCA).
- Natural Language Processing: OpenNLP, LingPipe.



A single healthcare DSS might leverage a combination of these frameworks to achieve its objectives. For example, a system for predicting hospital readmissions might use Spring for the overall application structure, Hibernate for data access, Weka for building the predictive model, and Spring Security for securing access to the system.

9 Open Source Java Healthcare Frameworks

While not decision support systems themselves, several open-source Java-based healthcare platforms and libraries can be leveraged or integrated with to build DSS components:

OpenMRS: An open-source medical record system that provides a platform for building customized healthcare applications, including decision support modules.

HAPI FHIR: As mentioned earlier, this library is crucial for interoperability and data exchange in healthcare.

dcm4che: An open-source project providing tools and libraries for working with DICOM (Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine) files, which is essential for DSS involving medical imaging.

Archie: An openEHR library written in Java, useful for systems based on the openEHR standard for electronic health records.

In summary, when developing a healthcare decision support system in Java, the selection of frameworks and libraries is driven by the specific requirements of the system, such as the need for machine learning, rule-based logic, data integration, security, and compliance. Different types of healthcare DSS will likely utilize a tailored combination of these Java technologies rather than relying on distinct, specialized Java frameworks.

10 Results

The implementation of the HDSF Healthcare Assistant System yielded promising results, though synthetic data techniques like SMOTE-ENC [11] may further address data imbalance in future training sets. The system successfully facilitated online appointment booking, streamlined doctor consultations, and enabled secure prescription management. Patients benefitted from the convenience of accessing healthcare services remotely, while verified doctors could efficiently provide consultations and prescribe medications. Additionally, the integration of home

nursing services improved patient care, especially for those requiring ongoing monitoring and assistance. The incorporation of camp updates further enhanced community health awareness [9, 10]. Overall, the system demonstrated effectiveness in leveraging technology to optimize healthcare delivery, laying the foundation for improved patient outcomes and satisfaction.

11 Conclusion

In conclusion, the HDSF Healthcare Assistant System represents a transformative milestone in the realm of healthcare delivery. Seamlessly integrating online appointment booking, doctor consultations, prescription management, and home nursing services, this project epitomizes the convergence of cutting-edge technology and compassionate patient care. Through its intuitive frontend interface crafted with HTML, CSS, and Bootstrap, coupled with a robust Java backend supported by Java Servlets and MySQL database, HDSF ensures a seamless user experience while prioritizing data security and efficiency.

Moreover, the utilization of advanced algorithms such as Apriori and KNN adds a layer of sophistication, enabling personalized recommendations and streamlined decision-making. With the inclusion of real-time camp updates, the system fosters community health awareness, while future iterations could leverage deep learning innovations for advanced symptom analysis. Overall, the HDSF Healthcare Assistant System not only addresses current healthcare challenges but also where healthcare is not just accessible but also patient-centric and tailored to individual needs.

Data Availability Statement

Data will be made available on request.

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Conflicts of Interest

The authors declare no conflicts of interest.

Ethical Approval and Consent to Participate

Not applicable.



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