EDITORIAL

Inaugural Editorial of the *Journal of Advanced Materials Research*

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Dear readers,

We are delighted to welcome you to the *Journal of Advanced Materials Research* (*JAMR*). As the field of advanced materials has become more critical to shaping our future, *JAMR* is dedicated to publishing cutting-edge research that explores the fundamental properties, synthesis, characterization, and applications of materials.

Our mission is to provide a multidisciplinary platform devoted to the understanding, design, and application of functional materials for the dissemination of innovative findings and to foster collaboration across academia and industry. We emphasize the journal's vision to bridge fundamental mechanisms with practical innovation by integrating synthesis, in situ characterization, and data-driven computation, and to promote mechanistic insight, predictive design, and sustainability. *JAMR* aims to accelerate materials innovations that underpin a cleaner and more energy-efficient future.

1 Purpose of the Journal

Materials research has become a cornerstone of modern scientific and technological progress. From semiconductors driving digital connectivity to catalysts enabling carbon-neutral chemical production, every major innovation relies fundamentally on advances in material functionality. As the global community faces interlinked challenges, such as climate change, resource scarcity, and environmental degradation, the ability to design and deploy materials that are not only efficient but also sustainable has never been more critical.

The *JAMR* is established to provide a comprehensive platform for disseminating high-quality, original research that bridges fundamental science and applied technology. It seeks to capture the evolving dynamics of materials research, which is from molecular design and defect engineering to device integration and lifecycle sustainability. Unlike journals that emphasize either fundamental mechanisms or applied engineering, *JAMR* is positioned at their intersection. It highlights mechanistic insight, structure-property correlation, and design-guided discovery, with equal attention to synthesis, characterization and theoretical calculation. The journal's mission is to catalyze a

Submitted: 05 December 2025
Accepted: 06 December 2025
Published: 12 December 2025

Vol. 1, **No.** 1, 2026.
10.62762/JAMR.2025.579325

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Citation
Guo, X., & Zheng, Y. (2025). Inaugural Editorial of the *Journal of Advanced Materials Research*. *Journal of Advanced Materials Research*, 1(1), 1–5.

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shift from empirical discovery to predictive materials innovation, where understanding informs design and design drives sustainable performance. We seek to bridge the gap between fundamental materials science and practical applications, driving innovation that addresses the most pressing technological challenges of our time, and to promote interdisciplinary collaboration amongst materials scientists, physicists, chemists, and engineers to accelerate the translation of novel materials from laboratory discovery to commercial application.

2 Vision and Scope of the Journal

2.1 Core Research Areas

JAMR's scope encompasses the full spectrum of advanced materials (e.g., inorganic, organic, hybrid, and composite) along with their synthesis, characterization, and application. *JAMR* publishes high-impact studies across the broad spectrum of materials science, including but not limited to photocatalytic and electrocatalytic materials, energy storage and conversion systems, functional nanostructures and interfaces, sustainable and green materials, and computational and machine-learning-driven materials design.

I. **Photocatalytic and Electrocatalytic Materials**
Development of semiconductors, heterostructures, and single-atom catalysts for solar-to-chemical energy conversion, hydrogen peroxide synthesis, and CO2 reduction [1–3]. Design of oxygen evolution and hydrogen evolution catalysts that balance activity, selectivity, and durability under mild conditions. Integration of photocatalytic and electrocatalytic materials into tandem systems for combined oxidation and reduction reactions, enabling circular chemical pathways.

II. **Energy Storage and Conversion Systems**
Advanced materials for solid-state batteries, supercapacitors, redox-flow systems, and flexible energy devices [4–6]. Studies addressing interfacial phenomena, ionic diffusion, and electrode degradation, supported by in situ and operando diagnostics. Exploration of emerging systems such as multivalent-ion batteries and organic redox-active compounds that combine high energy density with sustainability.

III. **Functional Nanostructures and Interfaces**
Controlled synthesis of 0D, 1D, and 2D nanostructures, including quantum dots, nanorods, and layered frameworks [7]. Interface design strategies for modulating charge transport, surface reactivity, and phase stability. Hybrid organic-inorganic systems with tunable optical, electronic, or catalytic properties.

IV. **Sustainable and Green Materials**
Synthesis via solvent-free, low-temperature, or biomass-derived routes. Catalytic processes emphasizing atom economy and waste minimization. Circular-materials strategies for recyclability, biodegradability, and resource efficiency.

V. **Computational and Machine-Learning-Driven Materials Design**
Predictive simulations of materials behavior at atomic, mesoscopic, and device scales. Data-driven screening of composition–structure–property relationships. Integrative frameworks linking computation, synthesis, and characterization for accelerated discovery. The journal encourages work that bridges the molecular and macroscopic worlds, translating atomic-level design principles into practical devices and technologies.

2.2 Research Philosophy and Global Reach

The journal particularly encourages cross-disciplinary research, where materials science interacts with biology, environmental science, data analytics, and sustainable engineering. Interdisciplinary work is increasingly necessary to address complex challenges such as carbon capture, pollution control, and renewable energy integration. High-impact research demands both novelty and rigor. Such as Mechanistic Depth (understanding why performance changes occur, not merely what is observed), Scientific Robustness (reproducible data, transparent methodology, and meaningful error analysis), Sustainability Relevance (quantification of energy consumption, material recyclability, and environmental footprint), and Interdisciplinary Impact (demonstration of conceptual advances that inform other areas of materials science). By bringing together chemists, physicists, engineers, and environmental scientists, *JAMR* aims to act as a hub for collaborative problem-solving and technological translation.

3 The Mission of *JAMR*: Toward Sustainable Materials Innovation

The central mission of *JAMR* is to advance materials innovation aligned with global sustainability goals. The mission is to promote materials design principles that harmonize efficiency, scalability, and environmental responsibility. This philosophy rests on three pillars: green chemistry, circular economy, and integrated design.

3.1 Green Chemistry and Low-Carbon Manufacturing

The traditional synthesis of functional materials often relies on resource-intensive or hazardous processes. *JAMR* prioritizes work that replaces these with low-energy, solvent-free, and benign manufacturing routes, such as microwave-assisted polymerization, plasma processing, and molten-salt synthesis. These techniques minimize waste, reduce emissions, and open scalable pathways for industrial application.

In catalysis and photocatalysis, the focus is shifting from noble metals to earth-abundant elements (e.g., Fe, Co, Ni, Mn). Similarly, carbon-based frameworks, amorphous networks, and defect-engineered nanostructures are emerging as sustainable platforms that combine activity with tunability, enabling affordable clean technologies.

3.2 Circularity and Resource Recovery

A circular materials economy seeks to extend the value of resources through reuse, repair, and recycling. *JAMR* supports studies on re-processable polymers, self-healing composites, and biodegradable materials that retain high performance while minimizing waste. Research on element recovery from industrial by-products, e-waste, and biomass residues is equally relevant, as it transforms waste streams into sources of new functional materials.

This approach transcends laboratory research—it redefines the materials life cycle. By integrating synthesis, utilization, and end-of-life strategies, *JAMR* promotes the design of materials that are sustainable from conception to disposal.

3.3 Integrated Design and Data-Driven Discovery

The convergence of theory, experiment, and computation has redefined materials innovation. In situ and operando spectroscopies allow real-time observation of atomic transformations, while computational simulations predict stability and reaction dynamics. The integration of machine learning (ML) and artificial intelligence (AI) now enables rapid screening of thousands of compositions and microstructures.

JAMR encourages submissions that leverage these emerging tools. For instance, AI-guided catalyst design, inverse materials modeling, and self-optimizing experimental platforms to establish feedback loops between prediction and validation. Such integration accelerates the pace of discovery and shifts the field toward predictive precision rather than empirical iteration.

4 Emerging Frontiers in Advanced Materials Research

Materials science is undergoing an unprecedented transformation, driven by nanotechnology, data science, and sustainability imperatives. *JAMR* seeks to capture this momentum by publishing work at the leading edge of several key domains.

4.1 Defect and Interface Engineering

Atomic-scale defects, long regarded as imperfections, have evolved into powerful design tools [8]. Vacancies, dopants, and lattice distortions can tune charge distribution, enhance light absorption, and optimize catalytic sites. Likewise, interface design, between semiconductors, electrolytes, or catalysts, dictates transport dynamics and reaction selectivity.

JAMR emphasizes studies that reveal atomic-level mechanisms behind these effects using advanced characterization tools (e.g., aberration-corrected TEM, X-ray absorption, and synchrotron-based mapping). Mechanistic understanding of defects and interfaces will be central to optimizing energy and catalytic materials for decades.

4.2 Amorphous, Hierarchical, and Hybrid Systems

While crystalline materials have dominated materials research, amorphous and disordered frameworks offer new functionality through tunable defect densities and flexible coordination environments. Hierarchical architectures—combining nano-, meso-, and macro-scale porosity—enhance light harvesting and mass transport, critical for catalysis and electrochemical applications.

Hybrid organic–inorganic systems, including covalent organic frameworks (COFs), metal–organic frameworks (MOFs), and carbon nitride-based

networks, bridge the gap between structure control and chemical adaptability.

4.3 Data Science and Autonomous Materials Discovery

AI-driven and autonomous research platforms are reshaping experimental design. Closed-loop systems combining robotic synthesis, automated analysis, and ML-based optimization can now identify optimal formulations within days rather than months.

JAMR aims to showcase these "self-driving laboratories" that integrate computation and experiment into unified discovery engines, setting a new paradigm for high-throughput, intelligent materials innovation.

4.4 Materials for Energy, Environment, and Health

Advanced materials increasingly underpin technologies essential to human welfare, such as clean energy conversion, water purification, pollutant degradation, and biocompatible devices. *JAMR* particularly values research that demonstrates real-world impact: scalable photocatalytic systems for CO2 utilization, electrocatalysts for green hydrogen production, and materials for environmental detoxification under ambient conditions.

The journal also supports cross-disciplinary efforts linking materials design to biological interfaces, such as bioelectronics, phototherapeutics, and smart sensing, broadening the traditional boundaries of materials science.

5 Conclusion and Outlook

The *JAMR* stands at the forefront of an evolving scientific landscape, where discovery, design, and deployment must coexist. By promoting rigorous, mechanism-oriented, and sustainability-driven research, *JAMR* aspires to redefine how the global community approaches materials innovation.

In the coming years, the journal will continue to emphasize: AI-accelerated and data-driven discovery pipelines; Defect and interface engineering for renewable energy catalysis; Circular and low-carbon materials manufacturing; Integration of computation, experiment, and industrial scalability.

The responsibility borne by the materials community is immense. Our discoveries will determine how efficiently the world harvests energy, stores data, and protects the environment. The *JAMR* is committed to fostering this progress, uniting global researchers toward the shared goal of a cleaner, smarter, and more sustainable future.

Data Availability Statement

Not applicable.

Funding

This work was supported by the Natural Science Foundation of China under Grant 22405127.

Conflicts of Interest

The authors declare no conflicts of interest.

Ethical Approval and Consent to Participate

Not applicable.

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